

APR 20 1992



**WARE LIND FURLOW ENGINEERS, INC.**  
GEOTECHNICAL AND EARTH SCIENCE CONSULTANTS

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April 20, 1992

Mississippi Office of Pollution Control  
Post Office Box 10385  
Jackson, Mississippi 39289-0385

Report No. 92025

Attention: Mr. Steve Spangler

Groundwater Assessment  
Enterprise Recovery Systems  
Cayce, Mississippi

Gentlemen:

Submitted herein is the report of our groundwater assessment of the Enterprise Recovery Systems facility located in Cayce, Mississippi. This study was requested by the Mississippi Office of Pollution Control on December 23, 1991.

The scope of work for this investigation was outlined in our proposal dated February 3, 1992. Details of the investigation are provided in the body of this report.

We appreciate the opportunity of providing services to you on this project. If we can furnish any additional information or further assist you in any way, please call on us.

Very truly yours,

WARE LIND FURLOW ENGINEERS, INC.

Ronald J. Tarbutton, P. G.

Charles R. Furlow, P. E.

RJT/CRF/tls  
Copies Submitted: (4)

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groundwater levels. Water used by WLFE during the field investigation phase of this study was obtained from fire hydrants from the cities of Byhalia, Mississippi and Collierville, Tennessee.

Relatively undisturbed samples of cohesive soils encountered in the soil borings were obtained by pushing a 3-in. OD thin-wall Shelby tube sampler a distance of approximately 2 ft into the soil using hydraulic cylinders on the drill rig (ASTM D 1587). The depths at which these samples were obtained are indicated by shaded portions in the "Samples" column of the boring logs. The undisturbed samples were removed from the Shelby tube in the field using a hydraulic extruder mounted on the drill rig. Each sample was extruded into an aluminum foil-lined sample catcher. The upper and lower 2 in. of soil samples were trimmed and discarded. In granular materials, representative soil samples will be obtained by driving a standard 2-in. OD split-spoon sampler a distance of 18 in. into the soil with a 140-lb hammer falling a distance of 30 in. The number of blows required to drive the sampler the final 12 in. of penetration was observed and recorded (ASTM D 1586). Representative portions of the soil samples were placed in glass jars for future reference. A representative portion of each sample was placed in a foil-covered glass jar for field screening analyses. The lithologic descriptions of the soil samples were made by a qualified geologist. Soil classification was performed in general agreement with ASTM Standard Test Methods D 2487 and D 2488. The soils were characterized by strength, plasticity, color and particle size. Each sample was identified by boring number, sample depth and sample number.

To prevent cross contamination between borings, the drilling and sampling equipment was decontaminated between samples and between boring locations. Equipment included in the decontamination process were soil samplers, augers and drill rods. The decontamination procedure consisted of cleaning the equipment with a steam cleaner and thoroughly washing with a non-phosphate detergent. The equipment was then rinsed with tap water, deionized water and double rinsed with pesticide grade isopropanol alcohol. The decontamination procedures for the soil sampling equipment consisted of thoroughly washing the equipment with a non-phosphate detergent and rinsing with tap water. The equipment was allowed to air-dry before utilization.

Field screening was used to determine if volatile organic compounds were present. Soil samples were allowed to equilibrate to ambient temperatures for a period of approximately 10 minutes. After the sample equilibrated to ambient

temperature, the headspace of the glass jar was sampled using a HNu photoionization detector (PID). The PID readings are presented in the right-hand column of the graphical boring logs. The instrument was periodically adjusted during the day to compensate for instrument drift and ambient concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons in the air, if any.

A temporary benchmark with an assumed elevation of 100 ft NGVD was established at the corner of a sidewalk near the office building located on the site. Relative elevations of existing borings and groundwater levels were referenced to this temporary benchmark. The observed water levels for the borings are noted at the bottom right of the graphical logs. A table indicating the relative top of casing elevations, water levels and water elevations is shown on Plate 22. A potentiometric map of the groundwater surface was constructed from water level observations made on April 10, 1992. This potentiometric map is presented on Plate 23.

The field investigation also included the installation of seven groundwater monitoring wells. Five of these wells (MW-1 through MW-4 and MW-6) were installed to a total depth of 110 ft; and two wells (MW-7 and MW-8) were installed to at total depths of 77 ft and 76.5 ft, respectively. Monitor Well MW-5 was installed by E.F. Williams and Associates located in Memphis, Tennessee. The locations of the monitoring wells were selected by a representative of MDEQ. The general location of the monitor wells are shown on Plate 1. The monitor wells were installed to provide hydrological data and a means of groundwater sampling. Monitor well construction details are presented on Plates 24 through 30. Water well drillers logs were submitted to MDEQ Office of Land and Water Resources. Copies of the well drillers logs are presented on Plates 31 through 34.

The groundwater monitoring wells installed consist of 2-in. diameter Tri-loc Schedule 40 PVC as manufactured by Brainard-Kilman. The well screens are 10 ft in length and have No. 10 slot sizes. At two of the monitor well locations (MW-7 and MW-8), a portion of each screen was placed above the groundwater level to allow monitoring of phase product, if any. The screens were installed to provide at least 5 ft of well screen below the observed groundwater surface. After the well materials were installed in the borings, a silica sand was placed around the well screens. The filter sand extended approximately 3 ft above the top of the screens. A 2 ft thickness of bentonite pellets was placed in the annular space between the boring sidewall and riser pipe to provide a seal. The

pellets were wetted and allowed to hydrate for approximately one hour. A cement-bentonite grout was placed from the top of the bentonite seal to the surface. Above-ground metal shrouds with locking lids were installed over the monitor wells. The shrouds were installed in 4 ft by 4 ft concrete pads to prevent surface water from entering the annular space. At the existing monitor well, a flush mount was installed in a 4 ft by 4 ft concrete pad to prevent surface water from entering the annular space.

Boring B-4 was advanced using rotary wash drilling techniques to a terminal depth of 114 ft. Based on the information provided from the field screening analyses, a 6-in. diameter surface casing was installed to a terminal depth of 80 ft. Prior to installing the surface casing, the boring was enlarged to 10-in. in diameter and completely filled with a cement-bentonite grout mixture. The grout was placed into the boring from the bottom to the surface using the tremie method. Subsequent to grouting the boring, the 6-in. diameter surface casing was installed and advanced into the underlying soils using the hydraulics on the drill rig. The grout was allowed to harden for approximately 24 hours before advancing the boring. Prior to advancing the soil boring, the pump system on the drill rig was decontaminated by circulating a nonphosphate detergent for approximately 30 minutes. Drill fluids and soil cuttings were removed from the mud pit and the pit flushed with fresh water. Boring B-4 was then advanced to a terminal depth of approximately 114 ft.

The groundwater monitor wells were purged before taking samples in order to clear any stagnant water from the well casing. Approximately three well volumes of groundwater were removed from the monitor wells before the samples were taken. The groundwater samples were placed in 40-mil glass vials (volatiles). The water was placed in the containers taking care not to agitate the samples to limit the volatilization and amount of oxygen added. The head space of the samples bottles was eliminated by completely filling the bottles. The bottles were then placed upside down in a container with ice and kept at 4°C. The water samples were delivered to the Mississippi State Health Department (MSHD) laboratory located in Jackson, Mississippi for analytical testing. All groundwater samples were identified with a label. The information provide on the label consisted of the project name, project number, monitor well number, type of test to be performed and date collected. A chain-of-custody seal was placed across the lid of each sample bottle.

For this investigation, three types of sample blanks were used. The sample blanks included trip blanks, equipment rinseate blanks and a Collierville City water blank. The trip blanks were prepared at the laboratory by filling the appropriate containers with deionized water. The trip blanks were transported from the laboratory to the field and back to the laboratory in a manner identical to the handling procedures used for the soil and water samples. The trip blanks were subjected to the same analytical tests as the water samples. In order to verify the effective decontamination of the sampling equipment, an equipment rinseate sample was collected. The rinseate sample was obtained by pouring purged deionized water over the sampling equipment. The resultant rinseate solution was collected in a decontaminated pyrex dish and placed in the appropriate containers for subsequent laboratory analyses. The purged deionized water was obtained from the MSHD laboratory. The City of Collierville water sample was obtained by filling bottles from WLFE equipment used to transport water obtained from the Collierville Water System. All water samples were collected in 40 mm vials supplied by the MSHD laboratory.

A chain-of-custody/analyses request form accompanied all samples delivered to the analytical laboratory. The chain-of-custody forms document sample possession from the time the samples were collected until analysis, in accordance with Federal and State guidelines. To maintain a permanent document of sample possession, the chain-of-custody documentation contained the following information: name and address of the sampling location, sample number, date and time of collection and sample type. Other pertinent information included identification of the boring, well number, number of sample containers, parameters requested for analyses, signature of the person(s) involved in the chain-of-possession and inclusive dates of possession. A seal was placed across the lid of each water sample bottle taken at the facility and had the signature of the person collecting the sample and the date. Copies of the chain-of-custody/analyses request forms are presented in the Appendix. The samples were delivered to the MSHD laboratory for analysis.

#### GENERAL SOIL CONDITIONS AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Physiographically, the site is located in the north central hills physiographic province. The geologic units encountered at the site from the youngest to the oldest are the Holocene Age Alluvial Sediments associated with

the Nonconnah River and the Eocene Kosciusko Formation. A generalized soil profile illustrating the stratigraphic relationship of the formations is presented on Plate 35.

The sediments associated with the Nonconnah River alluvium vary from clays and silty clays to sandy clays. The alluvium ranges in thickness from a minimum of 12 ft at Boring 5 to a maximum of 17 ft at Boring 2.

The Kosciusko Formation is characterized by dense white, brown and red, very fine to coarse grained sands with some reworked clays. Based on available geologic literature, the Kosciusko Formation is approximately 100 ft thick beneath the facility. The potentiometric map of the groundwater surface presented on Plate 23 was constructed from water level observations made on April 10, 1992. This potentiometric map indicates the direction of shallow groundwater flow is to the west-northwest.

Based on the review of the geologic literature, the site of this investigation is within a recharge area for the Kosciusko Aquifer. A potentiometric surface map of the Kosciusko Aquifer in the study area (Gandl, 1982) indicates a general groundwater flow for that aquifer to the west. The Kosciusko Formation is directly recharged from rainfall and streams.

#### REPORT LIMITATIONS

The borings made for this report were located in the field based on the direction of MDEQ, MOPC. The boring logs shown in this report contain information related to the types of soil encountered at specific locations and times and show lines delineating the interface between these materials. The logs also contain our field representative's interpretation of conditions that are believed to exist in those depth intervals between the actual samples taken. Therefore, these boring logs contain both factual and interpretative information. It is not warranted that these logs are representative of subsurface conditions at other locations and times.

With regard to groundwater conditions, this report presents data on groundwater levels as they were observed during the course of the field work. In particular, water level observations have been accomplished at the times and under conditions stated in the text of the report and on illustrations contained in the report. It should be noted that fluctuations in the level of the

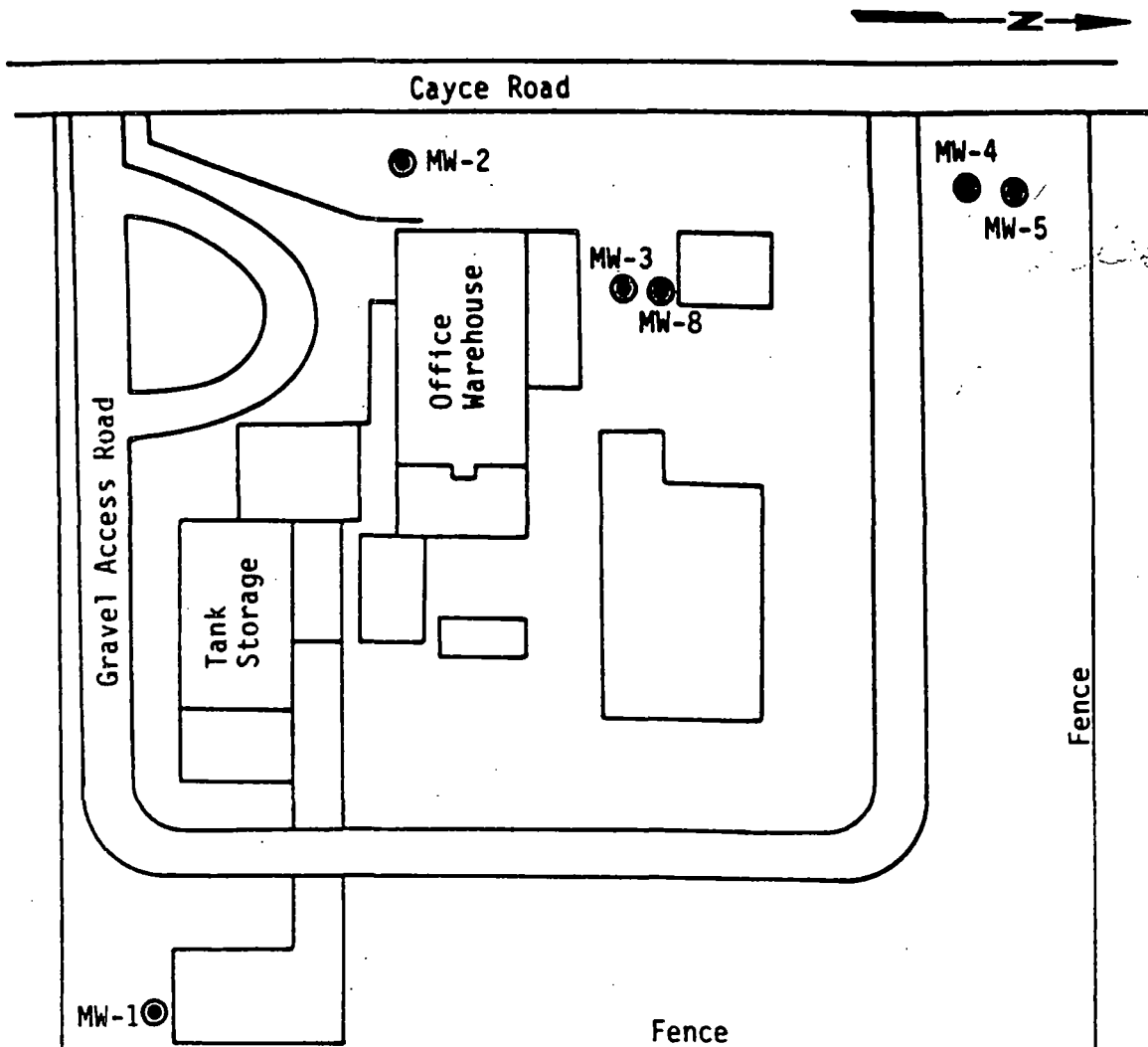
groundwater table will occur with passage of time due to variations in rainfall, temperature and other factors.

This report presents data concerning the presence of organic vapors as measured within the headspace of selected soil samples. These data are dependent upon ambient conditions and can be expected to fluctuate. Additionally, the presence of organic vapors can fluctuate over time.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality for specific application to the environmental assessment of the Enterprise Recovery Systems site located near Cayce, Mississippi. The only warranty made by us in connection with the services provided is that we have used that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised under similar conditions by reputable members of our profession practicing in the same or similar locality. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made or intended.

## ILLUSTRATIONS





MONITOR WELL LOCATIONS

Approximate Scale: 1 in. = 50 ft

● MW-7

● MW-6

Note: MW-5 installed by E.F. Williams & Assoc.

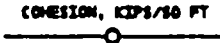



# LOG OF BORING NO. 1

## MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

### MARSHALL COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

TYPE: Rotary Wash

LOCATION: See Plate 1

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	<div style="text-align: center;">           COHESION, KIPS/50 FT   </div>			P.D. PPM
						<div style="text-align: center;">           PLASTIC LIMIT   </div>	<div style="text-align: center;">           WATER CONTENT, %   </div>	<div style="text-align: center;">           LIQUID LIMIT   </div>	
5			Firm light gray silty clay with iron nodules						1.6
10			-stiff and tan below 6'						3.6
15			-silty sand, carbonaceous below 13'						5
20			Medium dense tan fine to medium sand	42					9.2
25			-clay layers below 23'	25					12.5
30			-red and fine below 28'	63					34
35			-stiff light gray silty clay layers below 33'	42					62
40				20					19
45			-white fine sand below 44'	51					72
50			-fine to medium sand below 48'	100					40
			(continued next page)						

# LOG OF BORING NO. 1 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOW PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	<div>           COHESION, KIPS/10 FT  </div>			PIB. PPM
						<div>             PLASTIC LIMIT  </div>	<div>             WATER CONTENT, %  </div>	<div>             LIQUID LIMIT  </div>	
55			Medium dense tan fine to medium sand (cont'd)						
60			-white and red below 58'	100					68
65									
70			-slightly clayey below 68'	52					126
75									
80				100					36
85									
90				100					16
95									
100			-clay pockets below 98'	100					18
			(continued next page)						

# LOG OF BORING NO. 1 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	CONESION, KIPS/80 FT			PID. PPM	
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT		
						20	40	60	80	
			Medium dense tan fine to medium sand (cont'd)							
-105										
-110				100						36
-115										
-120										
-125										
-130										
-135										
-140										
-145										
-150										

COMPLETION DEPTH: 110.0 ft      DEPTH TO WATER IN BORING: Not Determined  
DATE: 3/4/92

# LOG OF BORING NO. 2 MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY MARSHALL COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

TYPE: Rotary Wash

LOCATION: See Plate 1

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	COHESION, KIPS/10 FT			PIB. PPM		
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT			
						1	2	3	4		
						+	20	40	60	80	+
5			Firm tan and light gray silty clay								3.6
10			-tan below 8'								3.2
15			-sand with carbonaceous fragments below 13'								9
20		X	Medium dense white and tan very fine to fine sand with red layers of clayey sand	26							14
25		X	-red, slightly clayey below 23'	48							36
30		X	-alternating seams of light gray fine sand and clay below 28'	39							20
35		X	Firm light gray clay								
40		X	Medium dense red very fine to medium sand with seams of white sand and light gray clay	100							24
45		X	-tan and white below 38'	100							78
50		X		100							52
			(continued next page)								34

# LOG OF BORING NO. 2 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT.	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	<div>           COHESION, KIPS/50 FT  </div> <div>           PLASTIC LIMIT      WATER CONTENT, %      LIQUID LIMIT  </div>	PID. FPN
55			Medium dense red very fine to medium sand with seams of white sand and light gray clay (cont'd)				
60			-white below 58' -seam of iron oxide 59.5'-60'	100			46
65							
70			-tan below 68'	100			80
75							
80				100			39
85							
90				100			28
95							
100			(continued next page)	100			26*

# LOG OF BORING NO. 2 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLDG PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	COHESION, KIPS/50 FT		PIV, PPM
						PLASTIC LIMIT	LIQUID LIMIT	
						WATER CONTENT, % 20 40 60 80		
-105			Medium dense red very fine to medium sand with seams of white sand and light gray clay (cont'd)					
-110			-red and white below 108'		100			22
-115								
-120								
-125								
-130								
-135								
-140								
-145								
-150								

COMPLETION DEPTH: 110.0 ft      DEPTH TO WATER IN BORING: Not Determined  
DATE: 3/7/92

**LOG OF BORING NO. 3**  
**MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY**  
**MARSHALL COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI**

TYPE: Rotary Wash

LOCATION: See Plate 1

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	<div style="text-align: center;">           COMESION, KIPS/50 FT  </div>			P.D., PPM
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
5			Stiff tan silty clay with iron oxide nodules, slickensided						22
10									34
15			-red, slightly sandy below 13'						110
20			Medium dense white and red very fine to medium sand	19					28
25			-slightly clayey 23'-25'	34					28
30			-dense tan and white very fine to fine below 28'	63					20
35				100					44
40				100					36
45				100					60
50				100					20
(continued next page)									



# LOG OF BORING NO. 3 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	COMESION, KIPS/30 FT			PIB. PPM
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
				</					

# LOG OF BORING NO. 3 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLDG PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	CONESION, KIP/30 FT			PID. PPM
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
105	[Symbol: Dotted pattern]	[Symbol: X]	Dense white and tan medium to coarse sand with occasional seams of light gray clay		100				18
110									
115									
120									
125									
130									
135									
140									
145									
150									

COMPLETION DEPTH: 110.0 ft      DEPTH TO WATER IN BORING: Not Determined  
DATE: 3/7/92

# LOG OF BORING NO. 4 MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY MARSHALL COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

TYPE: Rotary Wash

LOCATION: See Plate 1

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	CONESION, KIPS/50 FT			P.B. PER
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
5			Stiff light gray and red clay, slightly silty						16
10									24
15									66
20			Medium dense red fine to medium sand, slightly clayey	32					11.5
25			Dense red fine to medium clayey sand	17					16
30				18					32
35			Medium dense red and white very fine to fine sand	100					13.8
40				100					15.2
45				100					13.8
50				100					10.5
(continued next page)									

# LOG OF BORING NO. 4 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT.	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	COHESION, KIPS/80 FT			PTD, FPN
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
55			Medium dense red and white very fine to fine sand (cont'd)						
60				66					12.8
65									
70			-red, fine to medium sand below 68'	100					30
75									
80				100					18.0
85									
90				100					20
95				100					10
100			(continued next page)	100					280

LOG OF BORING NO. 4 (Continued)						
DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	<div>           COHESION, KIPS/10 FT  </div> <div>           PLASTIC LIMIT  </div> <div>           WATER CONTENT, %  </div> <div>           LIQUID LIMIT  </div>
						-105
-110						
-115						
-120						
-125						
-130						
-135						
-140						
-145						
-150						

COMPLETION DEPTH: 110.0 ft  
 DATE: 3/9/92

DEPTH TO WATER IN BORING: Not Determined

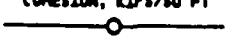

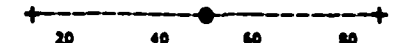
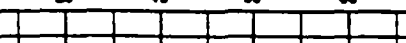
# LOG OF BORING NO. 5

## MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

### MARSHALL COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

TYPE: Rotary Wash

LOCATION: See Plate 1

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT.	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	<div style="text-align: center;">           COHESION, KIPS/50 FT   </div>			PID, PPM
						<div style="text-align: center;">           PLASTIC LIMIT   </div>	<div style="text-align: center;">           WATER CONTENT, %   </div>	<div style="text-align: center;">           LIQUID LIMIT   </div>	
5			Stiff tan and light gray silty clay						0.4
10									2.4
15			Medium dense red silty very fine to fine sand, slightly clayey						7.0
20			-fine to medium sand with light gray clay lenses below 18'	40					9.1
25									
30				100					12.8
35									
40				60					12.0
45									
50			-trace of black pea gravel below 48'	36					17.4
			(continued next page)						

# LOG OF BORING NO. 5 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	CONESION, KIPS/60 FT			PID. PPM
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
55			Medium dense red silty very fine to fine sand, slightly clayey (cont'd)						
60									11.2
65									
70			white and tan below 68'						40.0
75									30.0
80									30
85									
90									22
95									
100			(continued next page)						11.5

# LOG OF BORING NO. 5 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	BLOWS PER FT.	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	CONESION, KIPS/80 FT			PIB. PPM
						PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
-105		X	Medium dense red silty very fine to fine sand, slightly clayey (cont'd)						7.2
-110									
-115									
-120									
-125									
-130									
-135									
-140									
-145									
-150									

COMPLETION DEPTH: 110.0 ft  
DATE: 4/7/92



LOCATION: / See Plate 1

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	COMESION, KIPS/30 FT		
					PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT
5			Stiff tan and light gray silty clay				
10							
15			Medium dense red silty very fine to fine sand, slightly clayey				
20			-fine to medium sand with light gray clay lenses below 18'				
25							
30							
35							
40							
45							
50			-trace of black pea gravel below 48'				
			(continued next page)				

# LOG OF BORING NO. 6 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	CONESION, KIPS/30 FT		
					PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT
			Medium dense red silty very fine to fine sand, slightly clayey (cont'd)				
55							
60							
65							
70							
75							
80							
85							
90							
95							
100							

white and tan below 68'

COMPLETION DEPTH: 80.0 ft  
DATE: 4/7/92

# LOG OF BORING NO. 7

## MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

### MARSHALL COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

TYPE: Rotary Wash

LOCATION: See Plate 1

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLER	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CU FT	COHESION, KIPS/10 FT			
					PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT	
5			Stiff tan silty clay with iron oxide nodules, slickensided					
10								
15								
20			Medium dense white and red very fine to medium sand					
25								
30								
35								
40								
45								
50								
(continued next page)								

# LOG OF BORING NO. 7 (Continued)

DEPTH, FT.	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	UNIT DRY WEIGHT LB/CCU FT	CONESION, KIPS/10 FT		
					PLASTIC LIMIT	WATER CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT
			Medium dense white and red very fine to medium sand (cont'd)				
55							
60							
65							
70							
75							
80							
85							
90							
95							
100							

COMPLETION DEPTH: 77.0 ft  
DATE: 4/9/92

DEPTH TO WATER IN BORING: Not Determined

# SYMBOLS AND TERMS USED ON BORING LOGS

## SYMBOL DESCRIPTIONS

### SOIL TYPES

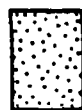
(SHOWN IN SYMBOL COLUMN)



SILT



CLAY



SAND



GRAVEL

(PREDOMINANT TYPE SHOWN HEAVY)

### GROUNDWATER INFORMATION

(SHOWN IN SYMBOL COLUMN)



Depth where groundwater was initially encountered



Water level in boring approximately 15 minutes after initial encounter



Water level in boring at least 10 hours after rotary washing

### SAMPLER TYPES

(SHOWN IN SAMPLES COLUMN)



AUGER

SHELBY TUBE

SPLIT SPOON

PISTON

NO RECOVERY

## TERMS DESCRIBING CONSISTENCY OR CONDITION

**COARSE GRAINED SOILS** (more than 50% retained on No.200 sieve): Includes clean gravels and sands, and silty or clayey gravels and sands. Condition is rated according to Standard Penetration Resistance. (ASTM D1586)

### DESCRIPTIVE TERM

### STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS/FT)

Very Loose

0 to 4

Loose

5 to 9

Medium Dense

10 to 29

Dense

30 to 50

Very Dense

Above 50

**FINE GRAINED SOILS** (50% or more passes the No.200 sieve): Includes (1) inorganic and organic silts and clays, (2) gravelly, sandy, or silty clays, and (3) clayey silts. Consistency is rated according to shearing strength as indicated by field or laboratory tests.

### DESCRIPTIVE TERM

### UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH (KIPS/SQ FT)

Very Soft

Below 0.25

Soft

0.25 to 0.50

Firm

0.50 to 1.00

Stiff

1.00 to 2.00

Very Stiff

2.00 to 4.00

Hard

Above 4.00

## TERMS DESCRIBING SOIL STRUCTURE

**SLICKENSIDED** - having fracture planes that appear polished and glossy

**FISSURED** - having definite planes of fracture with little resistance to fracturing

**LAMINATED** - composed of thin seams of varying color and texture

**STRATIFIED** - composed of alternating layers of varying material or color

**CALCAREOUS** - containing appreciable quantities of calcium carbonate

**INDURATED** - hardened by pressure or cementation

**GLAUCONITIC** - containing a green mineral commonly occurring in soils of marine origin

**FRIABLE** - easily crumbled

**HOMOGENEOUS** - having the same color and appearance throughout

**WELL GRADED** - having wide range in grain sizes and substantial amounts of all intermediate particle sizes

**POORLY GRADED** - predominantly of one grain size, or having a range of sizes with some intermediate size missing

**BLOCKY** - having a structure that can be broken down into small angular lumps which resist further breakdown

**ORGANIC** - containing remains of living organisms

**LAYER** - a soil deposit with a thickness of about six inches

**SEAM** - a bed of soil less than six inches thick deposited within another soil mass

**PARTING** - a very small thickness of soil within another soil

## NOTES

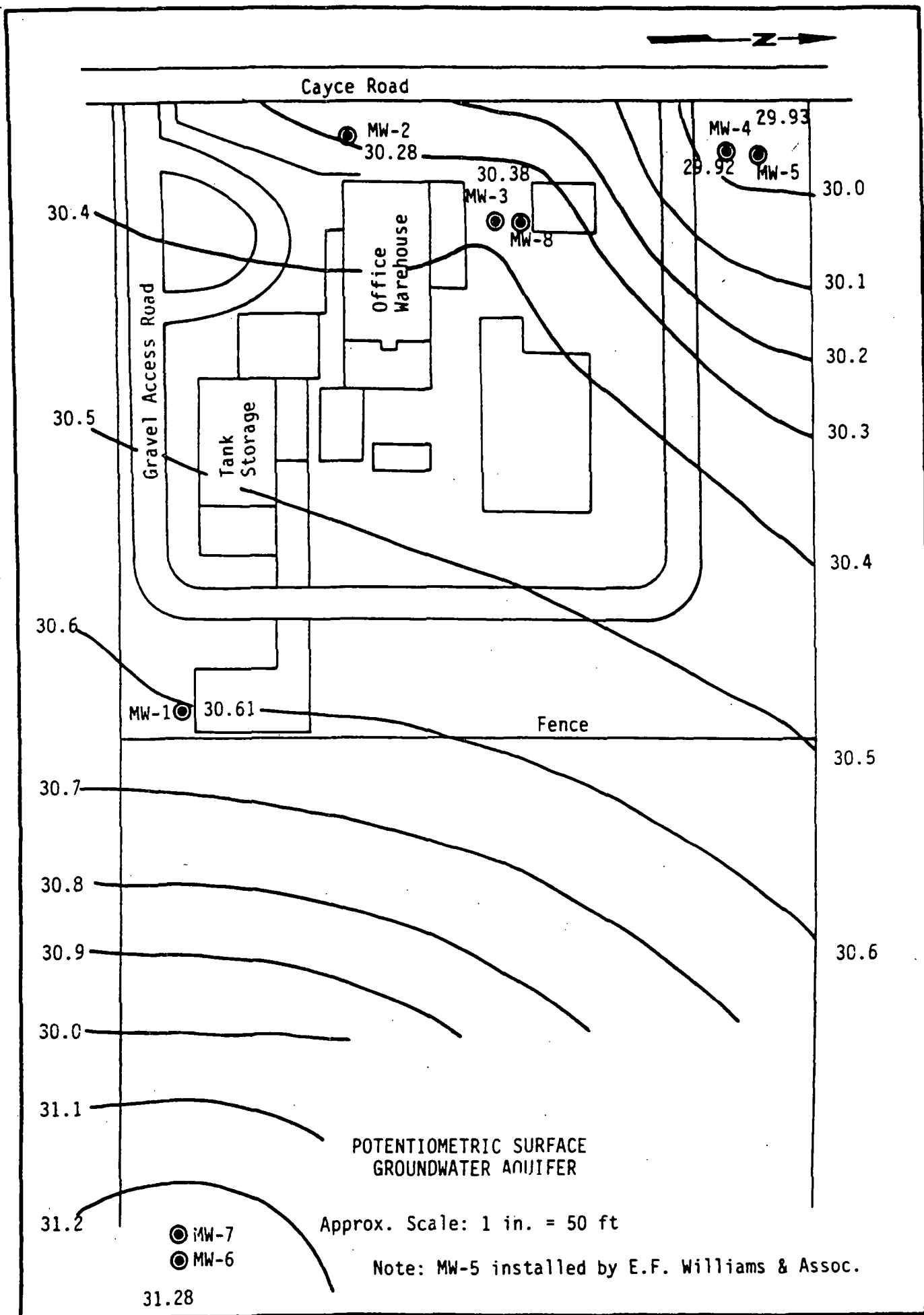
(1) Soil classification methods are in general agreement with ASTM Standard Test Methods D2487 and D2488. Wherever possible, classifications are based on laboratory test results. Where laboratory testing is insufficient to completely describe soil conditions, visual identifications are provided.

(2) Groundwater information is presented when available. The presence of initial free water is marked in borings advanced by rotary wash methods. Drilling fluid levels indicated might not reflect static groundwater conditions. Groundwater level fluctuations with rainfall and other seasonal factors will occur.

Table of Elevations

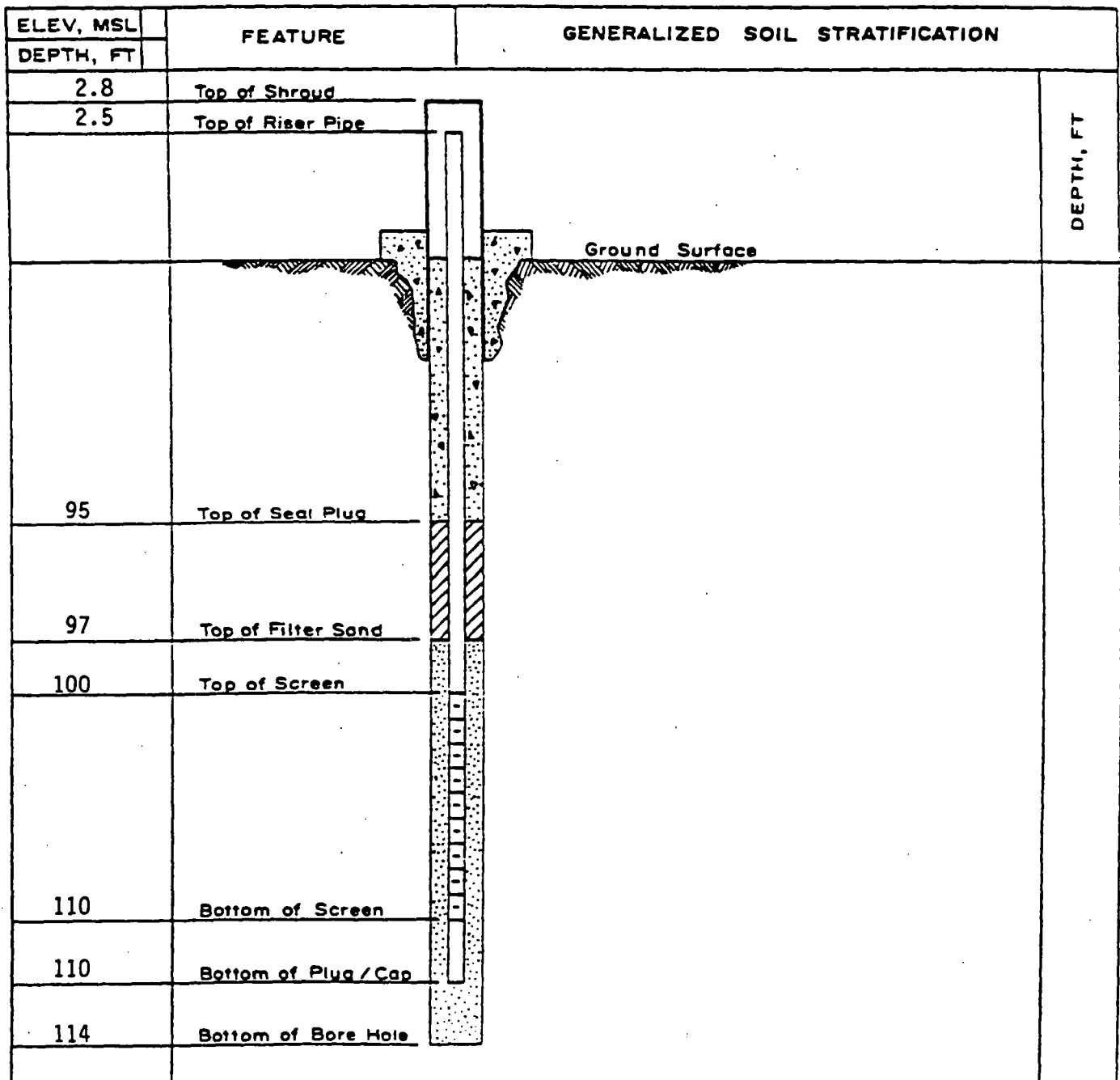
<u>Monitor Well</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>Water Level (4/10/92)</u>	<u>Water Elevation</u>
1	102.70	71.71	30.61
2	102.37	72.09	30.28
3	101.38	71.00	30.38
4	99.52	69.60	29.92
5	97.82	67.89	29.93
6	103.04	71.76	31.28
7	103.81	*	
8	101.02	*	

\* MW-7 and MW-8 were developed and sampled on 4/10/92.



# LOG OF GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION WELL

Project & Location Enterprise Recovery Services Facility Byhalia, Mississippi  
 Client Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality Date of Report 4/13/92  
 MW-1  
 Observation Well No. (B-1) Date Completed 3/4/92 Technician Tarbutton  
 Riser Pipe: Material PVC Diameter 2 in. Type of Joints Threaded  
 Screen: Material PVC Slot Size .010 Diameter 2 in. Length 10 ft  
 Diameter of Borehole 6 in. Type of Filter Pack No. 3 Blasting Sand  
 Method of Placement of Filter Material Tremie  
 Type of Seal Above Screen Bentonite Pellets Backfill Above Seal Grout  
 Drilling Mud Yes used. Fresh Water Flush Before Setting Well Screen Yes  
 Well Developed by Air Lift Method Development Time 1 hrs  
 Groundwater Level @ 2 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ @ 24 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ Other 71.70 4/6/92





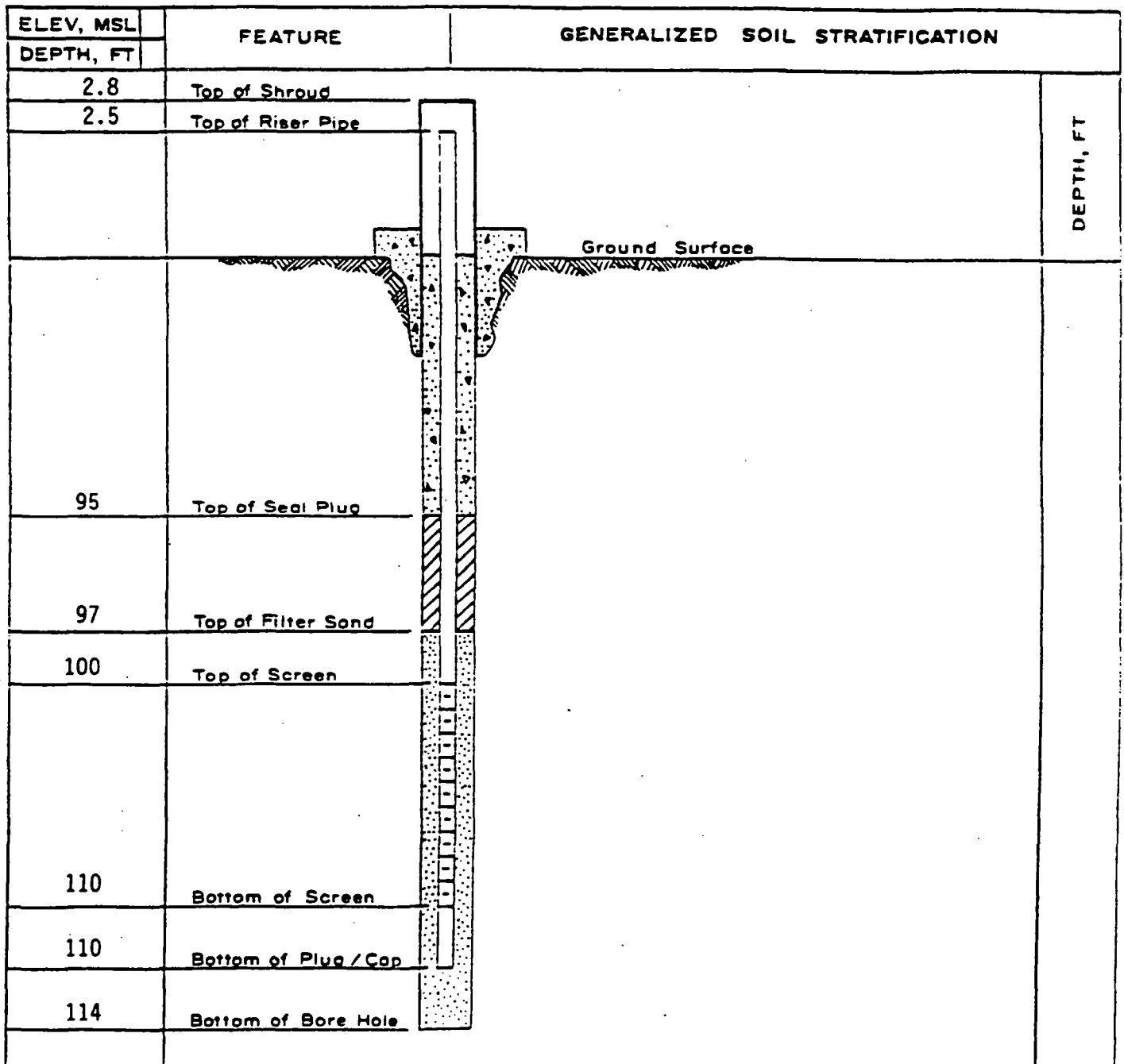
# LOG OF GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION WELL

Project & Location Enterprise Recovery Services Facility Byhalia, Mississippi  
 Client Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality Date of Report 4/13/92  
 MW-2  
 Observation Well No. (B-2) Date Completed 3/7/92 Technician Tarbutton  
 Riser Pipe: Material PVC Diameter 2 in. Type of Joints Threaded  
 Screen: Material PVC Slot Size .010 Diameter 2 in. Length 10 ft  
 Diameter of Borehole 6 in. Type of Filter Pack No. 3 Blasting Sand  
 Method of Placement of Filter Material Tremie  
 Type of Seal Above Screen Bentonite Pellets Backfill Above Seal Grout  
 Drilling Mud Yes used. Fresh Water Flush Before Setting Well Screen Yes  
 Well Developed by Air Lift Method Development Time 1 hrs  
 Groundwater Level @ 2 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ @ 24 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ Other 72.09 4/6/92

ELEV, MSL	DEPTH, FT	FEATURE	GENERALIZED SOIL STRATIFICATION	DEPTH, FT
2.8		Top of Shroud		
2.5		Top of Riser Pipe		
95		Top of Seal Plug		
97		Top of Filter Sand		
100		Top of Screen		
110		Bottom of Screen		
110		Bottom of Plug / Cap		
114		Bottom of Bore Hole		

# LOG OF GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION WELL

Project & Location Enterprise Recovery Services Facility Byhalia, Mississippi  
 Client Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality Date of Report 4/13/92  
 MW-3  
 Observation Well No. (B-3) Date Completed 3/7/92 Technician Tarbutton  
 Riser Pipe: Material PVC Diameter 2 in. Type of Joints Threaded  
 Screen: Material PVC Slot Size .010 Diameter 2 in. Length 10 ft  
 Diameter of Borehole 6 in. Type of Filter Pack No. 3 Blasting Sand  
 Method of Placement of Filter Material Tremie  
 Type of Seal Above Screen Bentonite Pellets Backfill Above Seal Grout  
 Drilling Mud Yes used. Fresh Water Flush Before Setting Well Screen Yes  
 Well Developed by Air Lift Method Development Time 1 hrs  
 Groundwater Level @ 2 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ @ 24 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ Other 70.98 4/6/92



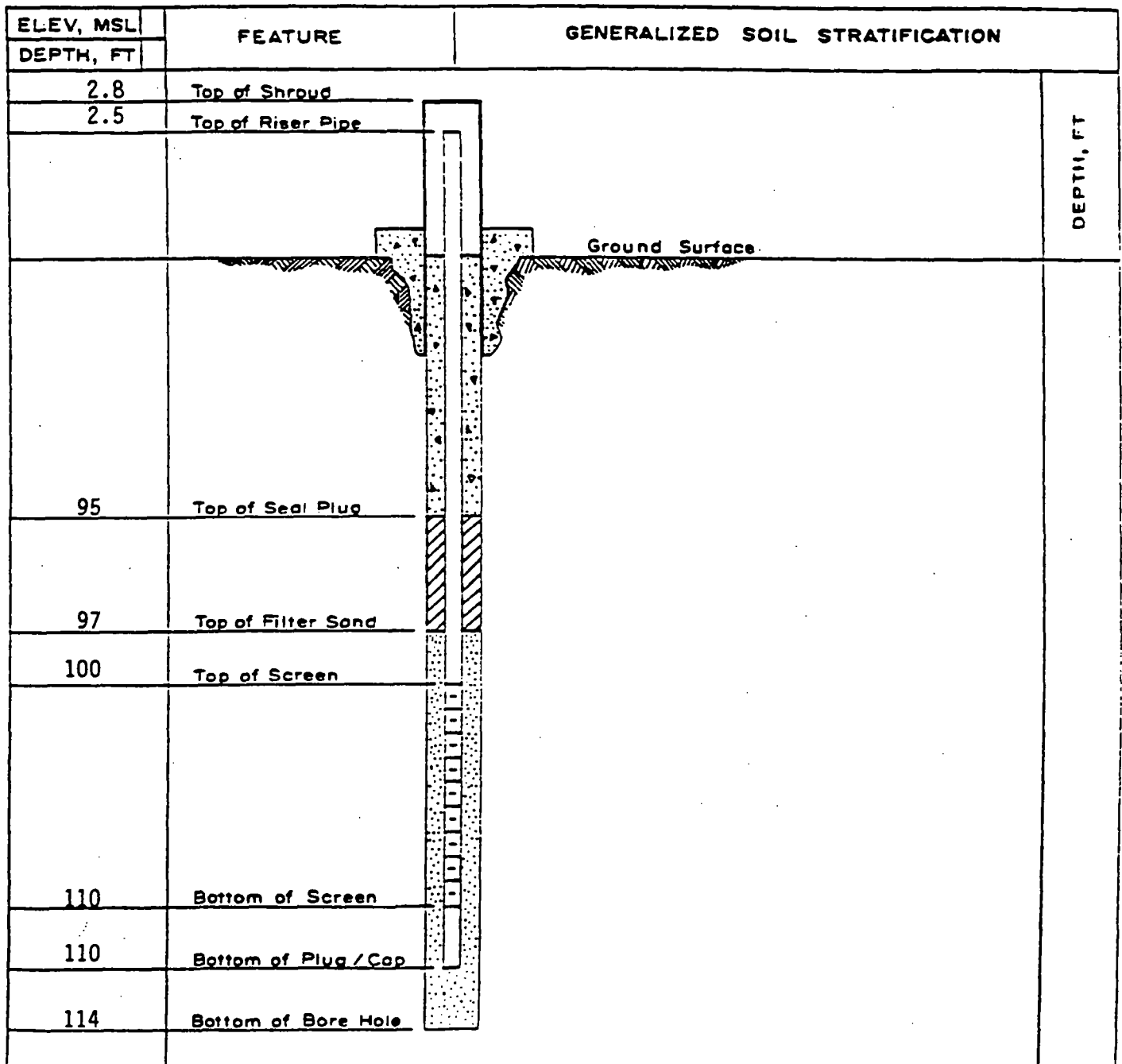
# LOG OF GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION WELL

Project & Location Enterprise Recovery Services Facility Byhalia, Mississippi  
 Client Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality Date of Report 4/13/92  
 MW-4  
 Observation Well No. (B-4) Date Completed 3/9/92 Technician Tarbutton  
 Riser Pipe: Material PVC Diameter 2 in. Type of Joints Threaded  
 Screen: Material PVC Slot Size .010 Diameter 2 in. Length 10 ft  
 Diameter of Borehole 6 in. Type of Filter Pack No. 3 Blasting Sand  
 Method of Placement of Filter Material Tremie  
 Type of Seal Above Screen Bentonite Pellets Backfill Above Seal Grout  
 Drilling Mud Yes used. Fresh Water Flush Before Setting Well Screen Yes  
 Well Developed by Air Lift Method Development Time 1 hrs  
 Groundwater Level @ 2 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ @ 24 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ Other 69.56 4/6/92

ELEV, MSL	FEATURE	GENERALIZED SOIL STRATIFICATION	DEPTH, FT
DEPTH, FT			
2.8	Top of Shroud		
2.5	Top of Riser Pipe		
95	Top of Seal Plug		
97	Top of Filter Sand		
100	Top of Screen		
110	Bottom of Screen		
110	Bottom of Plug / Cap		
114	Bottom of Bore Hole		

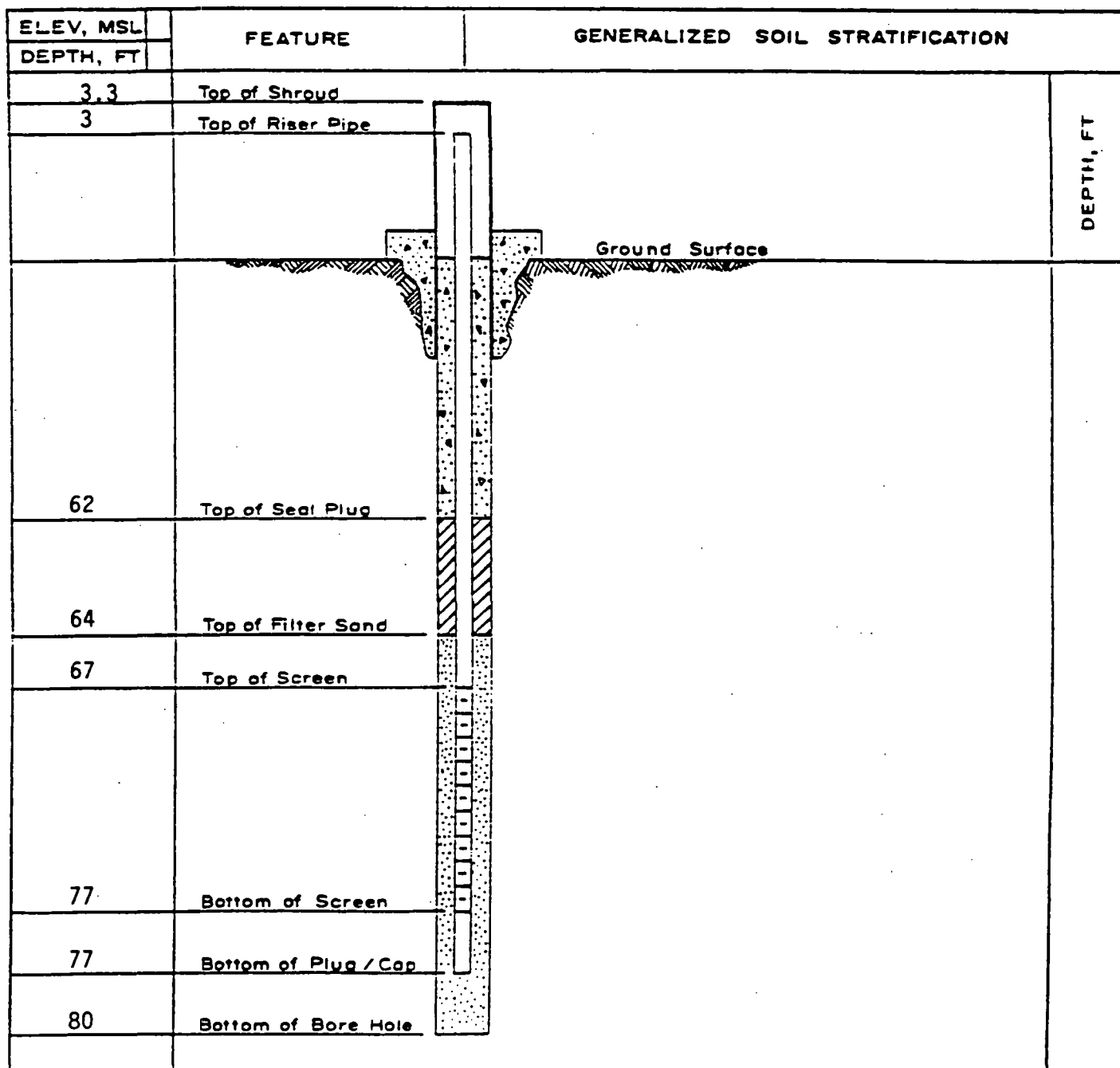
# LOG OF GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION WELL

Project & Location Enterprise Recovery Services Facility Byhalia, Mississippi  
 Client Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality Date of Report 4/13/92  
 MW-6  
 Observation Well No. (B-5) Date Completed 4/8/92 Technician Tarbutton  
 Riser Pipe: Material PVC Diameter 2 in. Type of Joints Threaded  
 Screen: Material PVC Slot Size .010 Diameter 2 in. Length 10 ft  
 Diameter of Borehole 6 in. Type of Filter Pack No. 3 Blasting Sand  
 Method of Placement of Filter Material Tremie  
 Type of Seal Above Screen Bentonite Pellets Backfill Above Seal Grout  
 Drilling Mud Yes used. Fresh Water Flush Before Setting Well Screen Yes  
 Well Developed by Air Lift Method Development Time 1 hrs  
 Groundwater Level @ 2 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ @ 24 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ Other 71.76 4/10/92



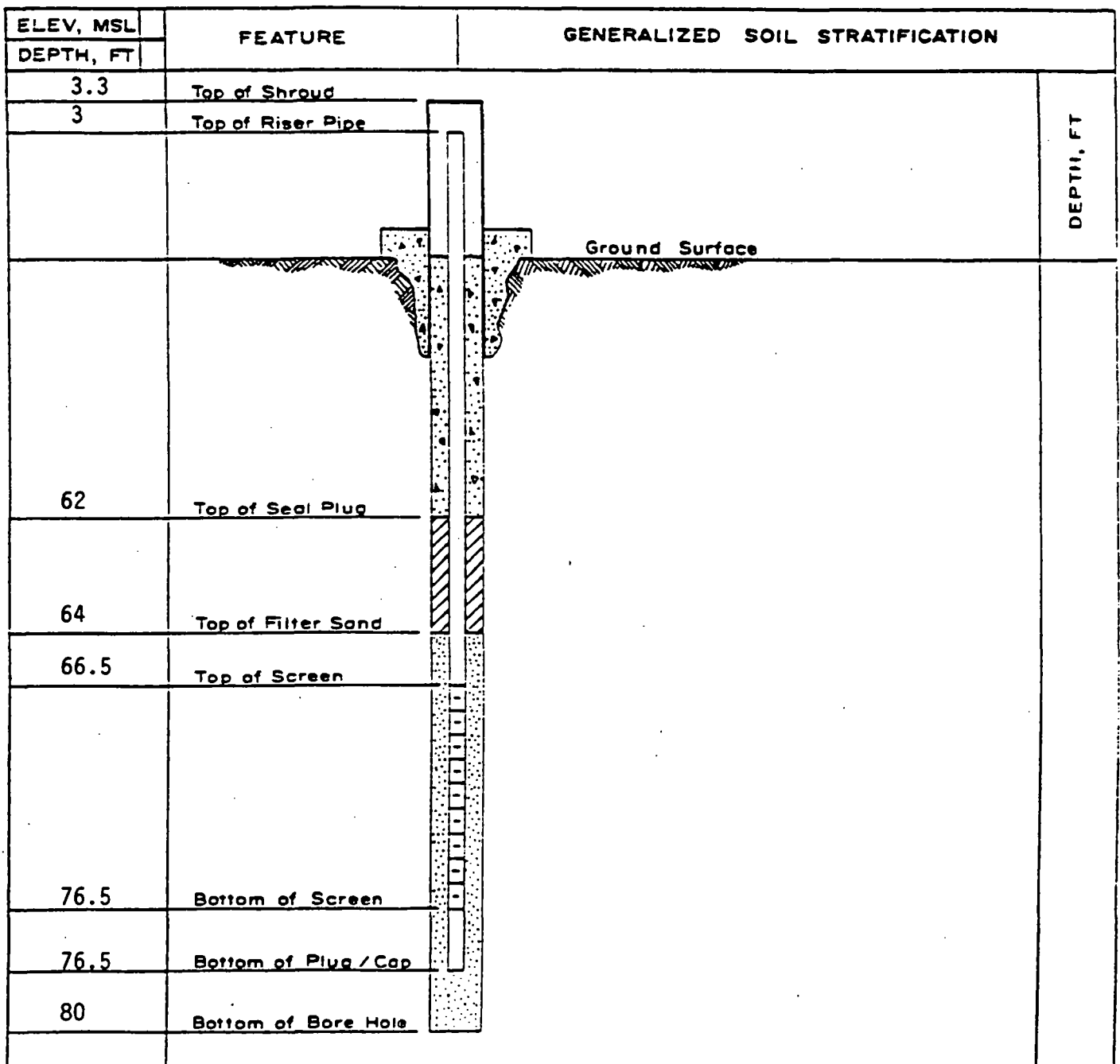
# LOG OF GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION WELL

Project & Location Enterprise Recovery Services Facility Byhalia, Mississippi  
 Client Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality Date of Report 4/13/92  
 MW-8  
 Observation Well No. (B-7) Date Completed 4/9/92 Technician Tarbutton  
 Riser Pipe: Material PVC Diameter 2 in. Type of Joints Threaded  
 Screen: Material PVC Slot Size .010 Diameter 2 in. Length 10 ft  
 Diameter of Borehole 6 in. Type of Filter Pack No. 3 Blasting Sand  
 Method of Placement of Filter Material Tremie  
 Type of Seal Above Screen Bentonite Pellets Backfill Above Seal Grout  
 Drilling Mud Yes used. Fresh Water Flush Before Setting Well Screen Yes  
 Well Developed by Air Lift Method Development Time 1 hrs  
 Groundwater Level @ 2 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ @ 24 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_



# LOG OF GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION WELL

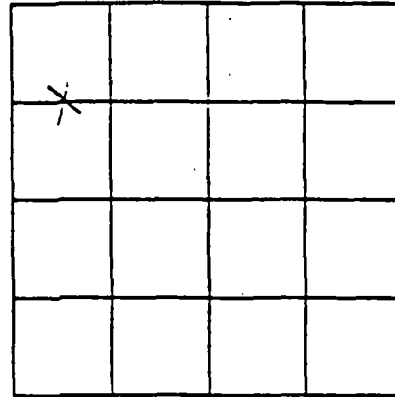
Project & Location Enterprise Recovery Services Facility Byhalia, Mississippi  
 Client Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality Date of Report 4/13/92  
 MW-7  
 Observation Well No. (B-6) Date Completed 4/8/92 Technician Tarbutton  
 Riser Pipe: Material PVC Diameter 2 in. Type of Joints Threaded  
 Screen: Material PVC Slot Size .010 Diameter 2 in. Length 10 ft  
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 Groundwater Level @ 2 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ @ 24 hrs \_\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_





If well telescopes please  
sketch and show depths.

GROUND LEVEL



SECTION 27

Please indicate well location X.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

MW's 2, 3, 4, and 6 to 110' as  
MW 1 is accordance with MDEQ  
land and water regulations.

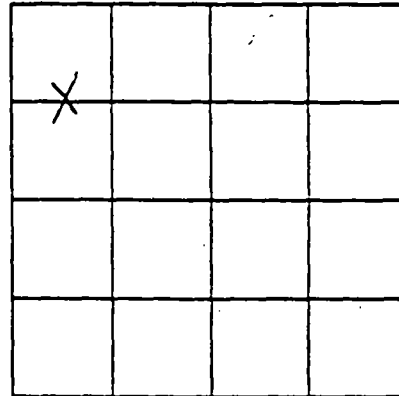
If more than one screen,  
show location of each on sketch.





If well telescopes please  
sketch and show depths.

GROUND LEVEL



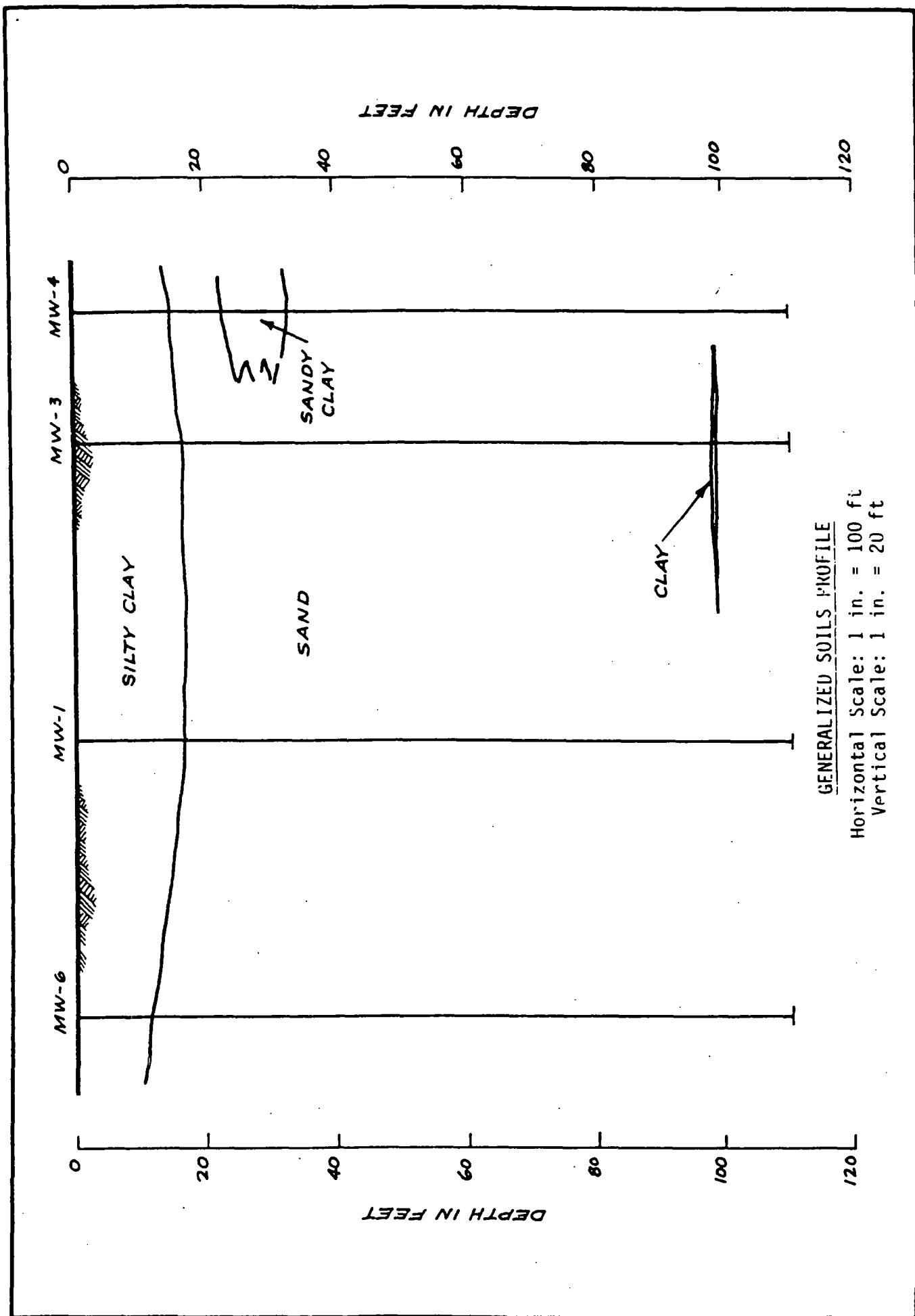
SECTION 27

Please indicate well location X.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

MW 8 in addition to MW 7  
completed to 76.5'. Monitor  
wells were installed in accordance  
with DDEG hand out water  
relations  
C

If more than one screen,  
show location of each on sketch.



**A P P E N D I X**

# CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT  
OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY[illegible]



# CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT  
OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY[illegible]

**DISTRIBUTION:** White and yellow copies accompany sample shipment to laboratory; Yellow copy retained by laboratory. White copy is returned to sender. Pink copy retained by sampler.

# CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT  
OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

MSD		PROJECT LEADER		REMARKS	
PROJECT NAME/LOCATION		PROJECT LEADER		REMARKS	
PROJECT NAME/LOCATION		PROJECT LEADER		REMARKS	
PROJECT NAME/LOCATION		PROJECT LEADER		REMARKS	
ESD SAMPLE TYPES 1. SURFACE WATER 2. GROUND WATER 3. WASTEWATER 4. LEACHATE 5. OTHER		SAMPLER Summer 20 Brown		ANALYSIS VOC SEMI-VOLATILES METALS CYANIDE	
STATION NO	DATE	TIME	STATION LOCATION/DESCRIPTION	TOTAL CONTAINERS	CIRCLE/ADD parameters desired. List no. of containers submitted.
mw-2	4/16	1730	Blank	4	X
mw-4	4/16	1730	Blank	4	X
mw-1	4/16	1900	Blank	4	X
mw-3	4/17	1900	Blank	4	X
mw-5	4/17	1910	Blank	4	X
mw-2			Blank	1	X
mw-4			Blank	1	X
mw-1			Blank	1	X
mw-3			Blank	1	X
mw-5			Blank	1	X
mw-2	4/17	1145	Equipment	4	X
mw-4			Rinsate Blank	1	X
RELINQUISHED BY:		DATE/TIME	RECEIVED BY:	DATE/TIME	RECEIVED BY:
RELINQUISHED BY:		DATE/TIME	RECEIVED BY:	DATE/TIME	RECEIVED BY:

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